- (2) in paragraph (12), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(13) in accordance with guidance from the Administrator of General Services—
- "(A) on an annual basis, conduct an inventory and assessment of capitalized personal property to identify excess capitalized personal property under its control, including evaluating—
- "(i) the age and condition of the personal property;
- "(ii) the extent to which the executive agency utilizes the personal property;
- "(iii) the extent to which the mission of the executive agency is dependent on the personal property; and
- "(iv) any other aspect of the personal property that the Administrator determines is useful or necessary for the executive agency to evaluate; and
- "(B) on a regular basis, conduct an inventory and assessment of accountable personal property under its control, including evaluating—
- "(i) the age and condition of the personal property;
- "(ii) the extent to which the executive agency utilizes the personal property;
- "(iii) the extent to which the mission of the executive agency is dependent on the personal property; and
- "(iv) any other aspect of the personal property that the Administrator determines is useful or necessary for the executive agency to evaluate.".
- (b) THRESHOLDS FOR CAPITALIZATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—Section 506(a)(1) of title 40, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(E) CAPITALIZATION THRESHOLDS.—Establish thresholds for acquisitions of personal property for which executive agencies shall capitalize the personal property.
- "(F) ACCOUNTABILITY THRESHOLDS.—Notwithstanding section 121(b), for the management and accountability of personal property, establish thresholds for acquisitions of personal property for which executive agencies shall establish and maintain property records in a centralized system."

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. WALKER) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from North Carolina.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the bill under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from North Carolina?

There was no objection.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, the Federal Personal Property Management Act of 2018 would improve inventories and accounting of Federal Government property bought with taxpayer dollars. This bill has bipartisan support. I urge all Members to support it, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I am rising in support of the Federal Personal Property Management Act, which would improve the accountability of unneeded equipment, furniture, and information technology resources at Federal agencies.

It may be an appropriate time for us to take up this bill, given all the furniture strewn throughout the floors of the House of Representatives.

The GAO recently found that most agencies do not have procedures in place to identify unneeded personal property on a regular basis. The GSA has issued regulations establishing a governmentwide excess property disposal process, but it lacks the authority to tell agencies how or when to identify excess property. As a result, agencies retain unneeded property that could be used elsewhere in the Federal Government, at State or local governments, or in the private sector.

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The report also found there is a wide variation in how Federal agencies classify according to value, which makes it difficult to measure the total value of the government's personal property holdings.

The Federal Personal Property Management Act would direct Federal agencies to assess and inventory more valuable property assets once a year and assets of lower value on a regular basis, according to guidance issued by GSA.

Requiring agencies to regularly inventory their excess property should spur agencies to declare excess property more often, allowing for its disposal.

The bill also would give the GSA authority to establish a uniform standard for how agencies assess their most valuable property, allowing for a better understanding and use of its value.

Mr. Speaker, I urge Members to support the bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. WALKER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, S. 3031.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. MASSIE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be post-poned.

PERMISSION TO REDUCE TIME FOR ELECTRONIC VOTING DURING PROCEEDINGS TODAY

Mr. McCarthy. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that during further proceedings today in the House, the Chair be authorized to reduce to 2 minutes the minimum time for electronic voting on any question that otherwise could be subjected to 5-minute voting under clause 8 or 9 of rule XX.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

CIVIL RIGHTS COLD CASE RECORDS COLLECTION ACT OF 2018

Mr. WALKER. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (S. 3191) to provide for the expeditious disclosure of records related to civil rights cold cases, and for other purposes.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

S. 3191

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Civil Rights Cold Case Records Collection Act of 2018".

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

- (1) ARCHIVIST.—The term "Archivist" means the Archivist of the United States.
- (2) CIVIL RIGHTS COLD CASE.—The term "civil rights cold case" means any unsolved case—
- (A) arising out of events which occurred during the period beginning on January 1, 1940 and ending on December 31, 1979; and
 - (B) related to-
- (i) section 241 of title 18, United States Code (relating to conspiracy against rights);
- (ii) section 242 of title 18, United States Code (relating to deprivation of rights under color of law);
- (iii) section 245 of title 18, United States Code (relating to federally protected activities);
- (iv) sections 1581 and 1584 of title 18, United States Code (relating to peonage and involuntary servitude);
- (v) section 901 of the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3631); or
- (vi) any other Federal law that was-
- (I) in effect on or before December 31, 1979; and
- (II) enforced by the criminal section of the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice before the date of enactment of this Act.
- (3) CIVIL RIGHTS COLD CASE RECORD.—The term "civil rights cold case record" means a record that—
- (A) is related to a civil rights cold case; and
- (B) was created or made available for use by, obtained by, or otherwise came into the possession of—
- (i) the Library of Congress;
- (ii) the National Archives;
- (iii) any executive agency;
- (iv) any independent agency;
- (v) any other entity of the Federal Government; or
- (vi) any State or local government, or component thereof, that provided support or assistance or performed work in connection with a Federal inquiry into a civil rights cold case.
- (4) COLLECTION.—The term "Collection" means the Civil Rights Cold Case Records Collection established under section 3.
- (5) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "executive agency" means an agency, as defined in section 552(f) of title 5, United States Code.
- (6) GOVERNMENT OFFICE.—The term "Government office" means any office of the Federal Government that has possession or control of 1 or more civil rights cold case records.